KENTUCKY GAZETTE 18 FUBAISEED EVERY MONDAY MORNING, BY F. BRADFORD, JR.

At Two Dollars per annum, paid in advance, or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

Storage & Commission Business. SHULTZ & CHALFANT,

Beg leave to inform the Merchants of Kentucky, that they have commenced the Storage and Commission Business, in Maysville, Ky. where they will constantly attend to the re ceiving and forwarding all goods, wares, &c. Committed to their care.

They also carry on the

Copper and Tinning Business, And intend keeping always on hand, a general supply of Tin Ware, which they will sell at the Pittsburg prices, without the addition of

N.B.—Orders will be strictly attended to. February 10-7-2m

Attention!

CITIZENS SOLDIERS-In the late war the superiority of our marksmen in the art of shooting, was strikingly manifested, and not less obvious were the advantages derived therefrom. To this qualification we were chiefly indebted for our sictories:—when our troops saw that their bullets moved down the enemy, whilst themselves sustained but little injury, whilst themselves sustained but little injury, it taught them to look down upon the boasting returns from Europe, with contempt. Peace has now returned; but again we may be required to take up arms. Already has the short-sighted monarch of Spain, made to our administration, insolent demands, which may lead to be petilities. lead to hostilities, and that too, immediately on our Southern borders. Then let us be pre-pared for the event by the cultivation of those arts which have heretofore sustained us- Let us practise sharp shooting, and encourage ex-cellence by offering competent rewards to those who are eminent, until we not only astonish the natives on the other side of the big water, but shew them that it may be rather dangerous to stand in battle array before western militia, who, in the heat of action, cannot only hat the man aimed at, but place the ball on the very spot they choose, even the eye With these views the subscribers propose

Shooting Match

at Manchester, adjoining Lexington, for a valuable two story Brick couse and Lot, together with a Stone Smith Shop, the whole valued at \$3000, or thirty shots at \$100 each, at sixty yards off hand.

Any person paying to the subscriber, either in money or such property as they may agree in, \$100, shall be entitled to make one shot, with r by himself or friend, with his own gun, and the nearest shot shall take the house and appurtenances, and a deed shall be made on

Captains of Companies are requested to subscribe one shot for each of the Companies, and to send forward their best marksman, by which means a spirit of emulation will be excited amongst the gentlemen composing their

The shooting to take place on the second Saturday in March, at which time judges will be chosen, by whom all questions are to be

Applications to be made to William Maror Charles Wilks, to subscribe for WILLIAM MARSHALL. shots.
Lexington, Ky. United States
of America.
9th Feb. 1816.

State of Kentucky, JESSAMINE CIRCUIT, Sct.

остовен тени, 1815. William Henderson's Heirs, for

Samuel H. Woodson, conflainant,
Against
Daniel Gaines, and others, Defendants, IN CHANCERY

THIS day came the complainants, by their counsel, and the defendants, the unknown heirs of Daniel Games, deceased, and David Jamison, having failed to enter their appearance herein agreeably to law and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of this court, that they are not inhabitants of this commonwealth, on motion of the complainants, it is ordered, that they do appear here before the Judges of our Jessamine circuit court, at the court house in Nicholasville, on the 3d Modnay in April next, it being the first day of our succeeding term, and file their answer to the complainant's bill, or the same will be taken as confessed against them: and it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published in some authorized newspaper of this commonwealth, agreeably to law.

A copy. Attest, INO. C. WALKER, p. c. r. c. c. The aforesaid unknown heirs of Daniel Gaines, deceased, and David Jamison, are hereby no ified, that I will attend at the Ta-vern of Robert Miller, in the town of Richmond, Madison County, state of Kentucky, on Saturday the 9th day of March next, between the hours of 8 o'clock A. M. and 6 o'clock P. M. to take the deposition of Thomas Townsend, and others, to be read as evidence in the above suit in chancery.

SAMUEL H. WOODSON.

January 23, 1816.

Five Dollars reward.

Strayed from the subscriber about a month since, a WHILE HORSE, between 14 and 15 hands, high and. probably, as many years old. Nothing peculiar is recollected about said horse, except a large wart immediately under the root of his tail. The above reward will be paid to any person who will restore said horse to my pessession.

The Subscriber has on hand, Stills of different sizes and of the best quality, which he will sell low for cash. He has lately received from ables him to furnish

Stills and Roilers

Of any size, at the shortest notice. He also continues to carry on the horse to my possession. NELSON NICHOLAS.

Lexington, January 30, 1816.

Coach and Harness Making.

ASHTON BEACH & NEILL, ARRY on the above business on Main-Cross street, and flatter themselves from their experience in the first shops in New-York, l'hiladelphia and Baltimore, to be able tofinish their work in a style not inferior to any heretofore finished in the western country. Orders

respectfully solicited. Lexington, December 6, 1818. 49-tt

A Bargain.

FOR SALE, The Confectionary Store,

KNOWN by the name of John D. Duocan, oh Mill-Street, Lexington—It will be gold either by nolesale or retail, or by lots, suitable to purchasers Country Merchants may be provided with

Sugar Plumbs, Almonds, Candies, Toys, Glass Jars, Cordials, Wines, Brandy, Holland Gin, &c.

Robert A. Gatewood Has opened a very general and well selected assort-ment of Merchandise,

In his new brick house, opposite Mr. James Wier's Store, which he offers for sale at wholesale or retail on a very small advance for Cash.

The Subscribers Have just received and now offer for sale, at a small advance for Cash, or on a short credit, A QUANTITY OF

Coffee, Sugar, Queeens' Ware, Rice, Copperas & Logwood, And a small assortment of DRY GOODS,

By wholesale, or in such quantities as may chasers. They also have a number of SADDLES.
BRIDLES, and other articles of Saddlery, which
they will barter for good WHISKEY.
Cochineal AYRES & MOODY, Lexington, Nov. 25, 1815. 48-tf

Downing & Grant

Have just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and are now opening at their store on Short-street, (between Mill and Main Crossstreets) Lexington,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

M GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF	
GROCERIES,	
MONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING	
Sugar	Raisins,
Coffee.	Prunes,
Teas,	Almonds,
Chocolate,	
Ginger,	Cold Struck.
Mace	Figs, Cold Struck, Sweet & Poil,
Cloves,	Cestor)
Allspice,	Scots & 70
Black Pepper,	Moccoba & Snuff
Cayenne do	New-England Chees
Nutmegs,	Salt,
Cianamon,	Shad,
Mustard,	Herrings,
Allum,	Wash Balls,
Indigo,	Shaving Soap,
Madder,	Pipes.
Copperas,	Wooden Cocke,
Brimstone,	Overalla,
WINE.	JAMAICA SPIRIT
BRANDY,	WHISKEY.

Brushes of every kind, Spanish Whiting, Putty Flax Seed Oil, Window Glass, Paper for rooms, &c. &c. All of which they will sell very low for

House and sign Painting, Papering and Glazing They wish to sell or rent their Oil Mill in Lex-gton. Nov. 25, 1815. 48-tf

THE SUBSCRIBER

Has just opened a large and elegant assortment of FASHIONABLE

MERCHANDIZE,

SUITABLE for the present and approaching season, at his store opposite the Printing Office of the Kentucky Gazette, carefully selected by himself, which he is determined to sell on the most reasonable terms, wholesale or retail, for Cash.

JAMES CAMPBELL. Lexington, Oct. 16, 1815.

121 Cents Reward. Ranaway from the subscriber, living on Clear Creek, Woodford county, an apprentice to the Waggon Making Business, named LEW. IS CLAXTON, about eighteen years of age—the above reward will be given, if said boy is delivered to me, but no expenses paid. delivered to me, but no expenses paid JOHN FARRA.



Stills for Sale.

The Subscriber has on hand, Stills of differ-

continues to carry on the

TINNING BUSINESS,

Two or three JOURNEYMEN TINNERS would be employed, to whom the highest wages will be given.

M. FISHEL.
Lexington, Feb. 12th, 1816.

7tf—

For Sale or Rent.

The two story BRICK HOUSE on Water: street, immediately below the new Market-House. For terms apply to M. FISHEL. Lexington, Feb. 12, 1816.

IMPORTED GOODS.

100 Crates well assorted QUEENS WARE 20 ditto and boxes elegant LUSTRE WARE

20 half Tierces, Best Green COPPERAS 50 Barrels and 100 Kegs,

80 Bags very Green COFFEE
20 Barrels ditto ditto
18 Boxes Tin, fit for manufacturers,
100 Boxes fresh Muscatel RAISINS, superior

quality
Bundles of Steel, and a few tons Campeachy Logwood will be sold on accommodating terms

On very moderate terms.

Should not the Store be disposed of before the 12th of next February, then it will be sold by lots at Public Auction.

The House is to be rented, and possession will be given immediately after the sale of the store.

J. P. SCHATZELL, & Co.

BILLS OF EXCHANCE,

Gn Philadelphia, New-York & Baltimore prices—carriage, which is extreme.

J. P. SCHATZELL, & Co.

BILLS OF EXCHANCE,

Gn Philadelphia, New-York & Baltimore, Savanna, Charleston and Pittsburgh,

For sale—apply as shove. For sale-apply as above

James Garrison, WHOLESALE & RETAIL Apothecary and Druggist,

MAIN STREET, LEXINGTON, RESPECTFULLY informs merchants and physicians and all dealers in his line, that he has, and will constantly keep, a large and extensive supply of

Fresh Drugs and Medicines; Also, a large supply of PAINTS AND DYE STUFFS, Which he will sell for eash at the New-York, Phi-ladelphia and Baltimore prices, with the addition of Carriage expences excepted, or on the usual cre-

Gum Tragacanth Myrrh

Guaic

Copal Shal Lac

Pow'd. Peruvian Barks

Aloes Sact Antimony Annisced Boran refined Brimstone Burgundy Pitch Cream Tartar Cinnamon

Rheubarb Jallap Ipecacnanha, &c. Sal Ammoniac Mace Manna Flake Nutmegs Camomile Flowers 12 dozen Caster Oil Orange Peel Gentian Root, &c. Gum Camphor

PATENT MEDICINES, s or dozen. By the gr Anderson's Pills Lee's N. L. B. Pills Hooper's Pills Ess. Peppermint Godfrey's Cord al Dorable Fik Bateman's Drops steer's Orndeldes British Oil Turlington's Balsom Worm Fig. Hoh Ointment TUEES:

Annatto. Allum Red Word Log Wood Fustic Aquafortis

boy or pound Oil of Vitriol by the carboy or pound Madder, &c. PAINTS, &c. Spanish Brown Red Lead

Whiteing White Lead Drop Lake Dutch Pink Pat Yellow

Prussian Blue, No. 1 Do. Rose Pink Pat. Green . Copal Varnish, by the gallon Turpentine Varnish, do.

Aquafortis by the car

Spis Turpentine do.
Also, 12 dozen Sweet Oil, suitable for ma chinery, which will be sold low-with a general assortment of Perfumes. Lexington, Dec. 15th, 1815.

John Norton,

DESPECTFULLY informs the Public that he has removed to his house immediately opposite the Insurance Bank, main ere lie will keep a constant supply of MED ICINES, wholesale and retail.

Having disposed of his Nail Factory, he requests all those in arrearages for Nails, to make payment immediately, as he intends going to the restricted 2.46 ing to the eastward -2 tf.

NOTICE.

The subscribers are desirous of having their accounts closed once a year, and have put their books into the hands of Thomas Satterwhite, who will devote his time to this object. All persons concerned are therefore notified to call on him and adjust their

The private books of F. Ridgely, are lodged with him also—the unsettled accounts in which must un-RIDGELY & PINDELL. January 1, 1816.

TO MECHANICS AND MANU FACTURERS.

WANTED at the Lexington Manufactory, sev. eral Weavers and Spioners of Wool; also, a good Fuller and Dresser of Cloths, and a Wool Stapler—also, several Paper Makers; to whom liberal wages will be given in money as often as wanted.

Also, wanted 20 young Men and Boys from 14 to 21 years of age to learn the various branches of Manufacturing woolen goods and paper; to whom liberal encouragement will be given, when well recommended.

recommended.

Also, wanted, Women, Girls, and Children, over 9 years old; to whom good wages and constant em-

ployment will be given.

Also wanted, several House Carpenters. Apply at the Lexington Manufactory to JAS. & T. G. PRENTISS.

Nov. 22. 1815.

Nov. 22. 1815.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

TO THE LADIES.

THE Lexington Manufacturing Company are desirous of obtaining a quantity of fine bleached Linen and Cotton RAGS, which are necessary to couble them to manufacture the important article of fine Paper, of which so much is annually imported, and might be avoided if the patriotism or occonomy of the ladies of Kentucky, would induce them to adopt the customs of the ladies in the eastern states, viz. to keep a Rag Bag, which is usually hing up in a place convenient for the purpose, and in which are deposited the Rags that almost daily appear in every large family.—At the end of the year your rag bags thus attended, will produce you a liberal sum for pin-money, and greatly aid the important manufactories of your state.

Six Cents in money will be paid for fine bleached Linen or Cotton Rags—and a price in proportion for

Linen or Cotton Rags—and a price in proportion for coarser quality, or for tow made from flax or hemp.

Apply at the Lexington Manufactory to

J. & T. G. PRENTISS.

Lexington, Nov. 22, 1815.

48-45

Lexington Library.

FORFEITURES.

The following resolution passed the Board of Di-rectors January 12, 1816.

"RESOLVED, That the Directors will proceed to forfeit the shares of all the Shareholders who may be in arrears to the Library, for three semi-annual contributions, unless within three months from the date hereof, the said Shareholders shall have paid up all their dues."

Shareholders in arrears, and the balance due by

ach, may be seen at the Library.

By order THOMAS M. PRENTISS,

OLD IRON SIDES



TAVERN.

Elijah Noble Has opened a Taverh in those extensive and commodious buildings on Short-Street, Lexington Kentucky, formerly occupied by Mr. William T. Banton and Mr. Prentiss, as Boarding Houses, which he has connected together, and where he

To Entertain Travellers, And his Fellow-Citizens generally, who call on him, in a style equal to any which can be obtained in the Western Country.—Travellers may be accommodated, without being disturbed by the noise and bustle, usually incident to a Tavern; and

Private Parties, Will meet with no interruption from strangers.— His Liquors will be excellent, and his Table always spread with the choicest Viands of each successive

His Stable will contain about sixty Horses-In will be under the direction and care of Mr. F. BALENGER, whose attention will be entirely confined to the Stable. Lexington, January 22, 1816 Lexington, January 22, 1816

Notice.

THERE will be wanted during the Winter and pring, at SAINDERS, a thriving little Village, two and a half miles N. W. of Lexington, a constant

Corn Meal. Lard. Bacon. Butter &c for which, CO TTON YARN, of the best quality will be given, at as tow a price as it can be had in the state.

LEWIS SANDERS. Sanders, 12th James 1816

S. R. Luilles ve One Pollar per gallon for Cow or Horse-foot Okt.

H. Beard & A. Campbell Have opened in the house next door to Mr. Williamson's corner, on Main and Poplar-streets, a well selected assortment of

Merchandize, Consisting of
DRY GOO'S, GROCERIS.
QUEENS CHINA, GLASS AND
HARD WARES,
Which they will sell low for cash, country linen, or

Lexington, January 30.

NEW GOODS. THE subscribers are receiving and opening a large and extensive assortment of

MERCHANDISE, which they offer for sale at a small advance, either by wholesaleor retail. Tilford, Scott & Trotter.

Parker & Graves Have just received from New York, Baltimore and Philadelphia, and are now opening at their store, opposite the Market House, Main Street, Lexington, an elegant and fishionable assortment of

MERCHANDISE,

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hard, Queen's, Glass & China Wares; which, having been laid in for cash only, they will be enabled to sell as low as any in the Western

> September 7, 1815.-37 Just Received Best Madeira Wine and French Brandy.

The subscriber has also,
Port Wine, Rum, &c. &c.
Almost every article in the Grocery line kept here. Almost every article in the Grocery line kept here.
Also—a pretty good assortment of DRY GOODS.
A quantity of TAR & LAMP-BLACK.
Also, PEACH BRANDY and excellent CHERRY BOUNCE, by the gallon or barrel.
Also, an excellent GIG HORSE—he is large, likely, and quite safe for a lady to drive.
Also, an excellent SADDLE HORSE—he is well qualified for a long jodrney.

N. BURROWES.
Mulherry-street, April 3.

49-tf

A. M. January,

Having purchased the PLATING ESTABLISHMENT of R. Steel, & Co. nearly opposite
the Kentucky Insurance Company, where he intends to continue the above business in all its various
branches, and hopes by his strict attention to business, to merit a share of the public patronage.
He has on hand, and intends keeping a general
assortment of PLATED CARRIAGE MOUNT.
ING of every description. Also an elegant as ING of every description. Also an elegant as sortment of PLATED BRIDLE BITS and STIR.

UP IRONS of the newest fashion, which he will sell at the most reduced prices for cash.

P. S. The highest price in Cash will be given for

Co-Partnership. The Subscribers lave entered into Co-Partnership, under the firm of HAY & WHITMARSH, in the

Boot and Shoe business,

which will be continued in the Store lately occup which will be continued in the Store lately occupied by Hay & Boardman. They have on hand a handsome assortment of ladies and children's SHOES also gentlemens BOOTS made by J. Whitmore of Baltimore, of the best materials and newest fashions, which will be sold low, wholesale and retail.

GEORGE HAY,

GEORGE HAY,

JOHN WHITMARSH.

Lexington, Jan. 25.

NAVY COMMISSIONERS OFFICE. THE Board of Navy Commissioners will receive, until the 1st day of April next, proposals for furnishing the following description of

articles required for many use, viz: Cannon, carronades and cannon locks. Ball, round, grape, canister and lead. Saltpeter, sulphur

Cannon and priming powder.
Muskets, pistols, swords, boarding pikes and battle-axes.

Copper—sheating assorted, say 1.8 of 12 ozs. 1.8th of 24 ozs. 1.8th of 26 ozs. 1.4th of 32 ozs. and 1.8th of 34 ozs. Copper bolts; spikes, sheating nails assort-

Lead in pigs and sheets.

Anchors from 500 to 8000lbs. Iron Kentledge,

Hemp, American. Twine-whipping, sewing and seine. Iron for shipping

Staves-leger pipe, hogshead and gang-eask Bunting.
Seamen's cloathing—hats, shoes, trowsers, shirts and jackets.
Flamnel and wildbore for cartridges.

Lignum Vitæ and paints. To be delivered either at Washington, News

York, or Boston. Persons tendering a supply of any of these articles, will be pleased to state particularly the kind—the greatest and the least quantity of each article they may be disposed to furnish—and on the envelope of the tenders, they will appear the whole the content of the state of the endorse the substance of their proposals in the

for the use of the Navy made by , in consequence of the Navy Commissioners' advertisement of 18th Janua-

ry, 1816."

With those whose proposals may be acceptant. ed, the commissioners will enter into contracta and in cases where the articles are not to be immediately delivered and paid for, the contractors will be required to give satisfactory security for the performance of their contracts, and it will be well for them to accompany their tenders with the names of the persons disposed to become their several to become their several to be several several disposed to become their sureties, and evi-

dence of their competency.

On the 1st day of April, and not before, all the tenders will be opened and acted upon.

JOHN RODGERS, President Of the Board of Navy Cammissioners.

Notice is Hereby Given,

To all whom it may Concern. To all whom it may concern.

That I shall attend with commissioners appointed by the county court of Fayette, at the February Term, and the surveyor of said county, on Thursday, the 21th of March partial and remark the same; and prace which I reside and remark the same; and prace stones there the corners are defaced or rotting down; and do such other acts as may be necessary and agreeably to law, and continue from day to day till the business is finished.

JOHN PARKER.

JOHN PARKER-

Notice.

All those indebted to the subscriber, are requested to come forward and make immediate payments as no longer indulgence can or will be given.

JAMES MAXWELL.

Poplar Trees

From 5 to 10,000 Lombardy and Athenian Populars, fit for immediate transplanting, for sale at Captain Juhn Fowler's Forrest Garden, on very moderate terms. Those who are disposed to ornament their pleasure or fancy grounds, or the town streets, may be supplied if they make an early application.

Notice

We forewarn all persons from trading for any notes given some months past to Divid Williamson, for one hundred dollars, for a lottery ticket—as we do not intend to pay said notes unless compelled by

C. WELMAN. THOMAS LONG. 8-3p

February 16.

Public Sale. Will be sold to the highest bidder on Monday, the 11th of March next, at the court house door in the town of Lexington, for ready money, two likely young negro fellows, Willis & George, deeded by Robert Grinstend to me, in trust, to secure Robert Holmes and James McConnell from any damage that might accrue from their endorsement of a rot specified in the deed of trust. Due attendance will be given.

J. W. STOUT. E. B. PEARSON,

Having pure and out the firm of E. B. Pearson and Co. has for sale at his store, three doors above the Kenticky Insurance Office, and next door to J. P. Schatzell & Co. a general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE, Of the latest importations, which he will sell at reduced prices. February 12. 8-4

Paints, Oil and Varnish. JOHN STICKNEY,

Respectfully informs the public, he has for sale PAINTS ready prepared for use of every description generally used. Boiled and raw FLAX-SEED OIL, English and American Paint Brushes, Spirits of Turpentine, Putty, Window Glass, &c.

Also—from his

VARNISH FACTORY,

Copal. Japan. Rosin, and Spirits of Wine Varnish.

CORDIAL DISTILLERY, CORDIALS, which may be had WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

AT HIS STORE, ON SHORT STREET,

Next to Mr. Holmes's, corner of Cross Street,

Consisting of

Noyau. Orange, Cinnamon and Anniseed, Orange Bitters, Spirits of Wine, Fresh Currants, &c .- at reduced prices.

Lexington, January 31.

Cellar to Rent. The large and commodious Cellar, under the new Episcopal Church. Apply to

JOHN COLEMAN. Lexington Brevery Copy of a letter from Gen John Armstrong, late Secretary of War, to Col R M. Johnson, of

the House of Representatives.

La Bergerie, (near Red Hook,)
10th January, 1816.
Dear Sir-Finding you engaged on the subect of Military Schools, it may not be amiss to give you the outlines of those of France, which time, and much attention on the part of the government, have brought to great perfection This may be the more necessary, as I have seen no printed work on the subject, and as I know no officer of your army sufficiently conversant with details, to supply the defect.

After the fall of Robespierre, when the storms of the revolution had somewhat subsi ded, the National Convention turned its attention to military education, having (like our-selves) frequently seen and felt the want of it in their public officers. Out of this arose the institution, called the Polytechnic Schools-in which, science became the basis of military gervice. In these schools, a certain number of students was annually admitted, after having, tipon previous examination, satisfied the conditions of the programma of admission, viz a knowledge of arithmetic, algebra, as far as equations (included.) and geometry. When sufficiently instructed here, they are sent to the arts.—One levson per week to the School of Application, in which theory is restriction of roads, bridges and as duced to practice

The plan of one of these schools gives you the plan of all--it is as follows, viz.

Military Functionaries. 1 Colonel, commanding. 1 Chief of Battalion. 3 Quartermaster, Treasurer.

3 Captains. 3 Lieutenants. 3 sub-Lieutenants.
3 Fencing Musters.

1 Drum Major, and 3 Drummers. The Colonel should be selected, with great attention to his morals, manners, temper and literary attainments. He should be well ac quainted with all the branches taught in the school, because it makes an important part of his duty to inspect the progress of the stu-

He is stationary with them The Chief of Battorion, Captains and Lieu tenants, take cognizance of the food, clothing and equipments of the students, maintain discipline, and direct, in person, the military exercises and duties.

The Quarter Master Treasurer is charged with the fiscal part of the establishment-re ceipts and expenditures of money, contracts

The Fencing Masters gievs lessons on the uses of the sword three times a week, during the hours of recreation.

Civil Functionaries. 3 Professors of Analysis and Mechanics. 1 Of Chemistry.

Of descriptive Geometry. Of Fortification. 1 Of Architecture 1 Of Analysis, applied to Geometry. Of bridge, canal and road-making, and 3 Of Drawing.

To these are occasionally added,

This is composed of the following commissioners: the Chief of Battalien and the Profes It sits annually, and on a day fixed and promulgated, and judges absolutely and exclusively (under the instruction of the law) of the fitness of those who would enter the school, as well as to physical organization and appear. ance, as to age and qualifications. With regard to age, the rule is positive—none less than 15, nor more than 20, can be received: nor is any thing left to discretion with regard to attainments—the candidates must be well acquainted with arithmetic, algebra, (inclu ding equation,) and geometry. Each candidate, on admission, declares the branch of science to which he destines himself.

2d A Council of Examination and Improvement This consists of the members of the Jury of admission, an officer of rank of the engineer corps, an artillery officer of distinction, and auch scientific citizens, as the government may think proper to associate with them. It their duty to assemble annually on a given day : to put each scholar under a separate exto make special report thereof to the War De partment; they also take cognizance of the orpartment; they also take cognizance of the orpartment general, der and economy of the establishment general der ly : the kind and quality of provisions for it, in regard to food and fuel, and the price of these to the stu- deavor to generalize them. dents; the state of manners and morals predents; the state of manners and the description of control exported to vary and associates at St. Helena. Any safe lions of reals, (about 5,000,0001) which red on delinquents, &c &c. The result of their years of our commercial prosperity (on which retirement of that kind would be better than the government intend to impose upon ed on delinquents, ac des rice also reported to article, be it borne in mind, a large discriming of them a twelve month hence, at the all classes of the nation (with the excep-

was himself educated in one of these schools, knowing the effects of ind lence, favoritism, &c &c. in examiners, and knowing also the tricks of teachers in covering the faults their pupils, constituted examinations, different from those of public and stated occurrence, which had the effect of keeping teachers and pupils constantly on the alert. These extra-

These are 200 m number, which are divided 1805 into three classes or divisions, and each division into three brigades. The title of Chief of 1807 Brigade is conferred on one of the most meritorious in each. It is the duty of these Chiefs of Brigade to maintain order, and to see that the students are properly occupied in the hours of study; they will report the disorderly or negligent, (to the Colonel commanding,) and also the sober and diligent. Their reports cannot be fewer than one for each month. COURSE OF INSTRUCTION

FIRST DIVISION - (Composed of those who have lately entered.) A Professor of Analysis. Matter of instruc-

tion—1st. Algebra from the resolutions of E. quations to the end; 2d. Rectineal Trigonometry; 3d. the application of Algebra to Geometry; 4th. the Statics. Five lessons per

A Professor of Drawing.—5th The taking of plans; 6th, the drawing of heads. Five less as per week

SECOND DIVISION. A Professor of Analysis and Mechanics Matter of instruction-1st. The Differential Calculus ; 2d. a portion of the Integral Calculus; 3d Statics in using both Differential and Integral Calculus - Three lessons per week A Professor of Descriptive Geometry -- 1st

Descriptive Geometry; 2d Stone Cutting; 3d carpenter's work; 4th. Shading and Perspective .- Three lessons per week.

A Professor of Analysis applied to Geometry.— The properties of surfaces, plans tangent to their surfaces, &c. &c.

A Professor of Drawing -What are styled cademies, which are naked figures; busts, or heads and breasts -Two lessons per week A Professor of Analysis and of Mechanics, the ame as the year preceding. Matter of instruc

on .- 1st. The remainder of Integral Calculus Calculus of variations; 3d. remainder of Differential Calculus; 4th. dynon mics; 5th. hydrostatica; 6th. general notions of hydro-dynomics-Three lessons per week.

of civil architecture .-- One lesson per week --The student will make drawings illustrative drift wood, the Engine great part of the time of this science.

A Professor of Fortification.-1st. Field for run at night.

tification; 2d. fortification of cities; 3d. at tack and defence f fortified places; 4th. mi ning -Two lessons per week .- The student will make drawings illustrative of this science A Professor of Physics -1st. Optics; 2d Ac-

coustics; 3d. theory of the earth -One lesson A Professor of Chemistry .- Chemistry applied

A Professor of Civil Architecture - The con struction of roads, bridges and canals - Two lessons per week. - The students will make drawings illustrative of this science.

A Professor of Drawing -1st Map making; 2d Anatomy, or drawing from skeletons, which are placed before the pupils -Two lessons per week

When a young man has gone through this course of instruction and has passed his final examination with approbation, he is sent to the school of application (as before stated) with the rank of Sub-Lieutenant.

You may think extraordinary, as I did, to find that geography makes no part of the Poly-technic course. The truth, however, is, that the school books and maps accompanying nem, on that subject, are well enough fo commercial purposes and for the use of the readers of history, newspapers and travels, but fall entirely short of military uses - These are only to be reached by the great topographica charts, by the models in Papier Mache, where they exist, and where they do not, by sketches made on the spot by Engineers. These note every hill and hollow, every church, and, village, and dwelling house, every creek or river with their bridges or fords, and every road, path, plain, copse or forest within their limits How different are these from ordinary maps and how impossible to furnish schools with them! The study of general geography is therefore left to a man's own taste, and when a knowledge of particular geography is re quired of h m, he is furnished by the government with the means of attaining it.

Foreign languages make no part of thi course, and when these are acquired, it is by private tuition, the means of which are every where attainable The institutors seem to have had no object beyond that off making use ful and practical men. Hence their great attention to geometry, drawing and map making architecture, civil and military, and chemistry

I may have forgotten some minor branche in the haste with which this hat, been written but none of important character. In all the business of this world, the two great points are 1st, to lay down a good plan, and, 2d, to giv to it complete and constant execution.—This first is a legislative duty; the second, execute tive or ministerial Failure is generally in the What in this country we have particular larly to guard against is, want of subordinatio n both teachers and pupils, and a spirit of bing and money making in public agents. These besetting sins grow out of (what we have much reason to value) the freedom of our civil insti tutions and the almost universal spirit of trade and commerce among us. Can you find a re medy for them !

amination with regard to the studies in which in the Senate, there were several points on particular, he has been engaged; to note his progress, and which information was required from the bounded;

War Department, with an indication of the nating duty was paid in Great Britain,) it ap head of an American army, invading Canada, tion of the clergy) excites a general feel-

From 1st Oct 1806 to 30th September, 1807, 53,180,211 lbs. From ditto 1814, to ditto

1815. 44,973,265 lbs.

which six months the export was enormous.

922,298 284 863 1.044.005 286,909 1,116,241 285 000 No later estimates was furnished.

3 As to the West India Islands, it appeared there was exported, to the following amount, vears ending 30th September.

British W. Indies, Domestic 5,322,276 Foreign 630,361 30,975 All other W. I Islands.

9,025,497 Domestic 7,263,993 Foreign 4 As to the value of goods imported in duties thereon, from which an idea of the Mercier, Nerwind and Chollet.

The following refused to were reported as follows:

In 1805 3 370,005 3.803 915 In 1807 3,960,088

No estimate given of the last year's duties the duc de Cholseul. could afford any criterion of the trade, and none therefore is given. 5. As to the duties on importations from

the West India Islands, it appeared that they

In 1805

ding the mineral, regetable and unimal world. One lesson per week.

A Professor of Physics —1st. The elements of physics and general properties of bodies; 2d. electricity; 3d. galvanism; 4th. magnetism.—One lesson per week.

A Professor of Physics —1st. The elements of physics and general properties of bodies; 2d. electricity; 3d. galvanism; 4th. magnetism.—One lesson per week.

A Professor of Physics —1st. The elements of physics and general properties of bodies; 2d. electricity; 3d. galvanism; 4th. magnetism.—One lesson per week.

A Professor of Pulysics —1st. The elements of physics and general properties of bodies; 2d. electricity; 3d. galvanism; 4th. magnetism.—One lesson per week.

A Professor of Pulysics —1st. The elements of physics and general properties of bodies; 2d. electricity; 3d. galvanism; 4th. magnetism.—One lesson per week.

A Professor of Pulysics —1st. The elements of professor of Pulysics —1st. The elements of physics and general properties of bodies; 2d. electricity; 3d. galvanism; 4th. magnetism.—One lesson per week.

A Professor of Pulysics —1st. The elements of professor of Pulysi wn over foreign navigation.

DINNER TO GEN. HARRISON.

On Saturday last a public dinner was given at the UNION HALL to this meritorious officer in the usual splendor of Mr. J. GWATHMEY.

We gladly lay before our readers the folving extracts from a letter from Captain DE HART, of the steam boat Ærna, dated, NATCHEZ, Feb. 2, 1816

Fuesday, Jan. 30-At 8 a.m. passed the

to at 6 p m. much drift running.

drift wood

ing me." -0000000 G033030 -

LONDON, Dec 9. A private letter mentions, that the British

ris, that M. Forbin had laid on the table of the lady, and the other passengers; after remain

ise to much interesting speculation on the futhe Netherlands, and the consequent decline of British influence in the latter quarter

An article from Turin gives a most distressng account of an attack made by the I unisian pirates at St. Antiocho. It reflects additional lisgrace upon the Maritime powers of Europe for suffering with impunity these lawless vio-lations of the common rights of society.

The court of Portugal persists in remaining at Brazil, and refuses to return to Europ That court lately received a courier from Malrid with dispatches, the contents of which had not transpired; but it is supposed that Spain requests the prince regent to declare war against the independents; and that Ferhe prince in ma riage.

The French prisoners at Dartmoor will leave hat depot as soon as transports can be proured to take them home.

The discussions between our government and Ferdinand of Spain, which had grown retty warm, are now become more conciliabut the persecution of the patriots has not decreased. Three millions of dollars have arrived at Cadiz from Lima; in addition to this supply, Ferdinand is about to impose a lasses of people of Old Spain, excepting the hours.

From the London Times, Dec. 15.

It is proposed to banish from France Soult, Alix, Excelmans, Lamurque, Vandamme and quality of provisions made books, stationery, clothing, the price of these to the students and morals preof manners and morals

pecially if the law of amnesty be rejected. tation that may result in unexpected op-The ministers whom report designates as go. position. Nothing is known with certaining out, the duke de Richelieu, Barbe Mar- ty concerning the widow of Porlier."

bois, and de Caze. The speech of the duc de Richelieu on de-The last line though nominally a year of claring the vote for the death of Ney did him burse, only embraced the time from the 17th honor. "I was myself twice condemned to February to the 31st September: during death during the revolutionary torrent, my done justice to my motives, and time may

59.445 equally acquit marshal Ney." leaning to the advice of that part of his ministry who were for granting a pardon to Nex, that she did not quit his chamber from morn-ing till night, nor suffered a single creature to approach him in whom she had not con-

The following is the list of peers who voted againgt the death of the marshal :-

The duc de Montmorency, Fontannes' Marl-1,263,556 leville, Gouvion, Berthelot, (the celebrated chymist,) Chaffeloup duc de Broglie, Tally American and foreign vessels from the Cape of Toilendal, Courial, Potcher, de Richebourge, Good Hope, and places beyond the same, the Collot, Le Nois la Roche, Lanjoinas, Kiem,

The following refused to vote, declaring they were not sufficiently instructed, in conse quence of the marshal's council being stopped in the defeace by the king's commissioners : Nicolia, Brigode, de'Aligre, St. Suxanne,

BONAPARTE.

Extract from letters received from officers of his Majesty's Ship Northumberland. " His Majesty's Ship Northumberland.

Brit. W. Indies. 1.864,119 2.360.665 1 948.672
Other W. Indies. 7,257,525 7,751.855 8,665.526
There was also reported to the Senate an ab.
There was also reported to the Senate an ab.

A Professor of Chemistry. - Chemistry, inclu- ain in 1807 and 1815," distinguished between the evening, when it was quite dark: he was self with fortitude during the trial and at exception, went and leant against the breech of the foremost gun on the weather-side of the quarter-deck, whence he never moved. Generals Bertrand and Lascasses always came out with him, and with whom he ever con tinued in conversation: he appeared to take little notice of his other companions. His dress, upon these occasions, was invariably a green coat, with two plain epaulets, small cloathes, with silk stockings, and pumps, with that, on a similar basis, it has been in our ng the Line, which we did on the 23d of "Sunday, Jan. 21, 1816—At 1 p m. got to Old Neptune of one hundred Napoleons; under way from Shippingport, Falls of the Civil architecture.—One lesson per week.—

Ohio, the river much obstructed with ice and double Napoleon each. The countess Bertrand is one of the most pleasant and agreeable wostopped, and it not being practicable to men I ever conversed with. She said she wished we had missed the island; and I do not wonder at it; for if its boundless craggy Arkansaw; at 10, 30, the little steam boat rocks and lofty mountains strike the senses of Despatch, that left Shippingport on the 3d or a stranger, who can depart at pleasure, with a obstaces, that left Shippingport of the Sacor a stranger, who can depart at pleasure, with a 4th inst. (January;) at 2 p.m. came to Point cold heart appalling effect, what must be the Chicot for wood; at 3, 50, the little steam boat passed by, and said he would run all have formed it for security to its inhabitants. Had General Bonaparte ever entertained a hope of escape, when he came in sight of this place Thursday, 1st Feb -At 4, p. m. came to at it must have been banished forever; the whole Natchez, and sent Mr. Winn a piece of fresh world beside, I should suppose, does not pre-Beef, bought in the Louisville market.

Ten days from Shippingport, and 110 Northumberland, Oct. 18.
hours running from said place, during which time frequently stopped every day with the attention shewn to him, whilst on board Worthumoerana, "Bonaparte was very much pleased with this ship, however be might have felt upon The steam-boat Despatch arrived here at 11 subjects connected with bringing him hereor 12, this day, and ran all the night after pass-ing me."

He publicly thanked captain Ross on the quar-ter deck, for his kindness, and requested he ter deck, for his kindness, and requested he would do the same for him to the officers."

St. Helena, Oct 22. " On the 10th instant a sloop of war arrived A private letter mentions, that the British regiments re urning from France will take the route of Hayre-de Grace. But the guards are still in Paris, remaining there, it is supposed, in consequence of a request of the duke of Wellington by the duke of Richelieu. The duke of Wellington gave a splendid batton the first instant in celebration of the peace.

It is mentioned in a private lefter from Paris, that M. Forbin had laid on the table of the hamber of deputies, a notice of a motion for ing a few minutes in the ward room, Bonaparte the recal and trial of Fouche

The Dutch letters say, the departure of the butch letters say, the departure of the butch letters say, the departure of the butch letters say, the departure of the went up. I approached him and took off my hat; he did the same; he asked me if there any good watchmaker in the place. ure union of Russian interests with those of told him there was a very good one, a Mr Solomons, who is also a very respectable mer chant. He requested me to take his watches to him, as they were out of repair; one was a large gold repeater, the other a silver repeater, both musical; the latter, he says, he always had with him in his carriage."

Bonaparte did not send a single letter to Europe by the ship arrived from St. Helena, nor would he permit one of his companions to write. So that nothing can be known from themselves of their situation or their sentiments. Minutes of all Bonaparte's political conversations inand VII has asked one of the daughters of were carefully taken. It seems he spoke heir ministers; and those minutes, which are to give satisfaction to all who have contribution of five millions sterling on all have been broken asunder in forty-eight

Extract of a letter from Spain.

"The persecutions in this unhappy country still continue, or even increase Neither high nor low are separated. one or two other generals, besides some cele brated non-military revolutionists.—Most of Don Antonia Ruiz Padron, one of the means necessary to correct any evils which means necessary to correct any evils which may be found to exist.

December 16.

Machine the quantity exported to those doministers is still talked of, estation that may result in unexpected options.

KIEL, NOV 10. A merchantman arrived lately at Kiel, which was intended to convey Napoleon examiners were men of high character, who could not be made to report otherwise than truly, and who had no connection with the estimates, it appeared there were employed in the states and fishing paid to justice—and what I then felt makes the Holstein, and after Napoleon's return, truly, and who had no connection with the establishment.

end of the death on another. Time has solved to save Bonaparte on board his solved to save Bonaparte on board his own vessel, while he was at Rochefort. It is said that the duchess of Angouleme For this purpose he had casks lined with 75,744 was so alarmed at the notion of the king's mattresses, in order to conceal Napoleon, Savary, and Bertrand, in case of need. He had every thing necessary on board. The ship was to sail as soon as it had got into the open sea, to New York, instead of Kiel; but the plan was baffled by Bonaparte's impatience and surrender. This ship is now at Kiel, where the lined casks, &c. are to be seen.

> PARIS, Nov. 27. Lavalette's trial closed at midnight on Tuesday, when, after five hours deliberation, the jury found him guilty. criminal was immediately brought into court, and sentence of death was passed upon him. Three days, however, were allowed him to appeal against the sentence, which he has done. The appeal would be heard on Saturday, and as there was no doubt of its inadmissibility, his sentence was expected to be carried into February 19. execution to day. Madame Lavalette has had an audience of the king and the dutchess of Angouleme to implore merstract of "Duties of Customs paid in G. Brit. and General Bonaparte landed on the 16th in cy for her husband. He conducted him-

From the Liverpool Mercury of Dec 8.

Illumination by Gas has already commenced in several county towns in England Two Manufactories of Gas, in this place, here laid down above sixteen mites of Pipes.

SOUTH AMERICA.

The Independent Government of New Gren-ada has made proposals to this county, through our Admiral in Jamaica, of an exdu-sive trade; and we are enabled further to aid, old buckles. At the usual ceremony of pass. power, for two years past, to have treated with the whole of Spanish America, which, even in ptember, general Bonaparte made a present its subjected state, has been in the habit of consuming 12 millions sterling of European imports, but when regenerated and recovered from the existing ravages, will afford an annu.
al and permanent vent for double this sum. since it is a fact that not more than one-sixth of the population of that extended country has hitherto been clothed in European goods.— Spanish America, therefore, presents to us an opening equal to all the rest of Europe, with the advantage of better returns.

(BY AUTHORITY.)

AN ACT

To authorize the President of the U. States to lease for the term therein mentioned, the new building on Capitol Hill, with the appurtenances, for the better accommodation

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Reresentatives of the United States of America, in longress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is authorised to lease in behalf of the U. States from the owners thereof, the new building on Capitol Hill, on square seven hundred and twenty-eight with the adjoining buildings and appurtenances, for the term of one year next after the passing of this act, and from thence until the Capitol is in a state of readiness for the reception of Congress at a rent not exceeding sixteen hundred and fifty dollars per annum, to be paid half yearly by the U. States. Provided always. That any lease to be executed by virof this act shall and may be determinable, at any time after the expiration of the first year, at the pleasure of Congress.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That so soon as the lease aforesaid shall have been duly executed, it shall and may be lawful for the President of the U. States to pay to the wners aforesaid, the sum of five thousand dollars, for fixtures, and other extraordinary exings and otherwise preparing them for the better accommodation of Congress; and that for this purpose the sum of five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated. to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

December 8, 1815 .- Approved. JAMES MADISON.

EDUCATION.

The Subscribers return their greatful thanks to the inhabitants of Lexington and its viwere carefully taken. It seems he spoke cinity, for the very liberal patronage they have with great freedom of the characters and received since the establishment of their views of all the potentates, as well as of School Inasmuch as they have had the pleasare considered truly important, are now generous confidence entrusted their children in the hands of our ministers. - According to the same unremitted attention, similar scuong enough to their care, they trust that by to Bonaparte's opinion, the confederacy cess will attend their efforts. The School of the allies was on the point of breaking will be continued at the same place-Terms at the eve of the battle of Waterleo; and as usual in the Lancastrian Department, but in if he had gained the ascendancy, would the annexed Academy, Books must be furnished by the Students

N. B. A limited number of poor Children, of respectable parents, will be received in the Lancastrian Department, and as heretofore taught gratis.

ALDRIDGE & VAUGHAN. Lexington, Feb. 22, 1816.

The Fayette Hospital. Yours respectfully and sincerely,

J. ARMSTRONG.

THE BRITISH TREATY.

Whilst this subject was under consideration of the Senate, there were several points on the Senate of America, and what measures the vicinity of Lexington, for the most distinguished members of the cortex of the subscribers for the founding and establishing and est for the purpose of electing five fit and suitable persons from their own number, to purchase a piece of ground on which to erect said building, and for other purposes mentioned in said law. The names of the Contributors as far as at this time known are,

> Trotter, Scott & co.
> John W. Hunt Geo. Trotter, Jr. Thomas January Lewis Sanders J. & D. Macconn Andrew M'Calla T. D Owings Sam. Trotter F. Ridgely John Bradford R Higgins & J. D. David Williamson Mrs. Eleanor Hart Benjamin Stout

Alex. Parker

Thes. H. Pindell. William Leavy E Warfield Daniel Bradford Batterson Bain

E. Yeiser David & J. Todd Fisher & Layton C. Coyle James Wier It is proposed that the meeting shall be held at a court house at 3 o'clock on the said 1st March

Adam Rankin Robert Miller

L. M'Cullough

Robert Frazer

J. Postlethwait

John H. Morton

Jas. B. January

Thomas Tibbate

Robert Holmes

Maddox Fisher

Sanford Keen 7. & B. Boswell

Saml. Ayres

Asa Farrow

E. W. Craig

John Hart

Tandy & Castleman

Robert H. M'Nair

and it is hoped it will be general A CONTRIBUTOR. Lexington, February 17, 1816.

Thomas Dye Owings, Has removed his IRON AND CASTINGS STORE o the house formerly occup ed by Mr. Bartholo-mew Blount, on Upper and Short streets, oppo-rite colonel Morrison's—where he has on hand

IRONS & CASTINGS, VIZ. Pots, Kettles, Skillets, Ovens, And Irons. &c.

Lexington, 8th Feb. For Rent,

The House and Stable, Fronting the New Market-House-Apply to JOHN L. MARTIN, OF DAVID MEGOWAN, 8-4

> Sheriff's' Blanks, For Sale at this Office.

Kentucky Gazette.

LEXINGTON, MUNDAY FEBRUARY 26.

"True to his charge "He comes, the Herald of a noisy world;
"News from all nations lumb'ring at his back."

The 22d February, 1832,

The birth-day of Gen. GEORGE WASH. INGTON, was celebrated by the Citizens, and the whole of them off At and since the fall different Societies, and Volunteer Companies of Carthagena there have eleven American and different Societies, and Volunteer Companies of this place, on Friday the 22d instant, in a manner expressive of their deep attachment to his memory. We regret that want of room among them several from Baltimore. I was prevents the publication of the different sets conversing yesterday with a Mr Lemon of toasts.

LEXINGTON.

Why this town has been made the subject of CALUMNY in various parts of the state, and of programment of its inhabitants for some time back but may be very easily accounted for:—We have some neighbours, intested with that passion common to ALL weak minds, called ENVY—who, jealous of our growth and prosperity, and despairing of becoming our rivals, unless they can pull us down to a level with themselves—attempt to thwart every plan or dark of the prison. The British frigate Junon, captain Tait, left this on the 6th mat. For Carthagena, in order to release all English subjects imprisoned in that place. I hope our government will take the same and only means of rescuing from an untimely death hundreds of our courtymen. I have in this place occurringly the bars of the prison. The British frigate Junon, captain Tait, left this on the 6th mat. For Carthagena, in order to release all English subjects imprisoned in that place. I hope our government will take the same and only means of rescuing from an untimely death hundreds of our courtymen. I have in this place occurring to the prison of the prison of the prison The British frigate Junon, captain Tait, left this on the 6th mat. For Carthagena, in order to release all English subjects imprisoned in that place. I hope our government will take the same and only means of rescuing from an untimely death hundreds of our courtymen. I have in this place occurring the prison of the prison The British frigate Junon, captain Tait, left this on the 6th mat. For Carthagena, in order to release all English subjects imprisoned in that place. I hope our government will take the same and only means of rescuing from an untimely death hundreds of our courtymen. I have in this place occurring the prison of the prison The British frigate Junon, captain Tait, left this on the 6th mat. For Carthagena, in order to release all English subjects imprisoned in that place. I hope our government will take the same and only means of the prison Tait, left this on the 6th mat. For Carthagena, in orde with themselves—attempt to their their objects—which we have in view, and stoop to every practice, no matter how low, to effect their objects—Charles Stewart of New Orleans, owned by Messrs. Stanley and Stratten, who were on board of the state, being unpopular with us, unitered to the state of the state, being unpopular with us, unitered to the state of the state, being unpopular with us, unitered to the state of the state, being unpopular with us, unitered to the state of the state parts of the state, being unpopular with us, unite with the former; and between all these, we labour under a kind of "ban of empire;" or proscription by the legislature. Even FEDERALISTS living among us, join heart and hand in the holy work, and thus assist in efforts "to bite off their own noses;" for a treatment and fever, except the captain and Mr. Stanley—the recovery of the latter is us, join heart and hand in the holy work, and thus assist in efforts "to bite off their own noses;" for upon no other principle, can we account for those cossigning tales about free-and-easy, rommanuch doubted if gentlemen you think promuta was and Scalping knife and Gas which were per to make public the purport of this letter. bandied through the legislature at its last session. you have my consent; and if it should be the Indeed a federalist of Lexington—we have it from means, through your interference, of saving good authority—advised the removal of the University to Danville, to gratify his spleen against this place.—When we consider these latter facts, respecting our own citizens, we feel somewhat dispositions of the University to Danville, and truly obedient &c. specting our own citizens, we feel somewhat dispositions and truly obedient &c. sed to excuse, if we cannot wholly pardon strangers; but hence results the necessity of defending our town from the malicious tales and falsehoods circulating at its expence—This we shall attempt in due season.
Our present remarks have been immediately oc-

Our present remarks have been immediately occasioned by a paragraph in the last Limestone Eagle. In speaking of the Banking System, the Editor of that paper says, "It gives a false value to property—witness Lexington, Ky"—The observation of the Editor may be true; but his example was a wantonly insulting one, and we place it to its proper cause envy.—It is moreover inapplicable to the position taken: Lexington has a smaller Banking Capital than Frankfort, yet our property is more consistent." You say the door is now open, and time too precious to be over scruptulous as to the manner of treating the subject. And therefoll was a piece signed Gaaceaus, no doubt fully up to your ideas of the manner in which this subject should be treated—praising Gen Aamstrank's "daring subjine genus," and brandishing some chaste and dignified epithets against Mr Madis a M Dallar, and Mr the position taken: Lexington has a smaller Banking Capital than Frankfort, yet our property is more valuable—not one-tenth of the Banking Capital of Cincinnatti, yet property there is lower than ours, very little more than that of Washington, which givery Limes one-man says is going to ruin—and, indeed, procerty here is very little higher than in Limestone, which has no Bank Capital, a place which nature never intended for a town, though man attempts to counteract her laws.—Limestone has a bad landing and a bad hill to rise for wagons—the current of the river is too stong, and the bank of her principal street is falling in—the road thence to the interior of the country, longer and worse than the interior of the country, longer and worse than that from Augusta below, which coutains all the advantages of a good harbour, gentle current, and bank easy of ascent.—A word to the wise is enough at all times.

United States Treasury Arrangement. We owe it to the collector of this district to state, that in our allusions to speculations which might be going on, we had no intention to imputate him. On the contrary, we believe, that his conduct in office, has been uniformly correct; but we are yet satisfied, that any or-ders from the treasury, which in practice pre-vent collectors from receiving Ohio paper in this state for taxes, are unjust and vexatious That paper is current here, and is received partially by the banks, and generally by the people, as cash in all payments. It will answer in this state, and in the neighboring states and territories, for all treasury purposes; it is re-ceived in Ohio for the same toxes; the banks ceived in Ohio for the same toxes; it is rewhich issue it are reported to be solvent; the
treasury makes deposits in many of them;
and receives regular returns of their situation, and receives regular returns of their situation.

reasury notes and the paper of such banks as both reside in Lexington—you copy your stamp of approach to our suffrages. The friend's piece from the Palladium, and are such paper every where received for taxes, this "truly gratified at this coincidence of sentiment, to lican in the country, who does not sincerely regard to see the columns of the Reporter and object would be measurably obtained, or at from a source so respectable' least considerably assisted. Those who recol. least considerably assisted. Those who recol-lect the operations of the late bank of the Uni-public opinion, and deceive others as to the We can assert, without the fear of ted States, will see at once the force of ar ob-The paper of that bank was only payable where it was issued; yet was current over the union, because it was every where wanted & received for imports & duties. now, that the imposes, duries and taxes, daily sidency; and you will not therefore feel pained collected, are greater in amount, what is to at them, that your shallow artifices should be prevent the same result respecting the paper of detected and exposed-the more especially the secretary does not see : and not seeing, op. presses the citizen unnecessarily, whilst they party to whom it owes its extensive circula are burthened with new and unusual taxes if tion and support. Nine-tenths of the republic accomplished.

It is said that the manufactures of the coarser kind of cotton goods in the United States has already so completely rivalled the foreign, that scarce an order is now sent abroad for cotton goods of that description.

It is truly painful to state the progress of the small pox in New York—23 having died of it last week.—Aurora.

PAINFULLY INTERESTING.

The following letter to the editors of the Baltimore Patriot, brought by the schooner Coquette, from a gentleman of character and integrity at Santa Martha, announces the certainty of the fall of Carthagena interhe hands of the Spanish royalists, and with it the violent seizure of several American vessels, and the imprisonment of the people on board of them, many of whom have died of bad treatment and prison disease. We hope that government will promptly follow the British example, mentioned in the letter, and despatch, even if it should produce a war with Spain, two or three frigates to procure or coerce the release of our suffering countrymen, some of whom we personal ly know to be respectable citizens of Bal-

Santee Fee had also fallen before the royalists-Balt. Pat.

Extract to the Editors-dated

Santa Martha, Jan. 10, 1816. Humanity compels me to make known to ou and the world the present sufferings of my infortunate countrymen, who are at this moment in Carthagena groaning under the horrid calamities and distresses attending a Spanish prison, loaded with irons Scant allowance of bread and water-devoured with vermin, and what is still worse, close confinement, have, in this hot climate, introduced a distemper among them, which will it not shortly relieved carry three English vessels fallen into their hands, Charleston, direct from Carthagena, who saw and talked with captains Hacket and Almeda. and a Mr Cooper, all from Baltimore, through ----

TO MR. SMITH, EDITOR OF THE REPORTER. In your last paper, under the head of " next President," you say the door is now open, and

they had some reason to hope that time, re-flection, and mingling a little more with the world, would also have restored to us the be nefit of your intellectual powers, with some degree of moderation; -but you seem to have sought controll of the Reporter, with all your ormer spirit of infatuation, that you could whenever it seemed mete unto you, controul, and in your own language, give "tone to public

If you have upon former occasions given tone to public sentiment, it was in the advoby your republican friends. Up in the subject however, of the next President, you will find yourself without the support of those friends Wholly unaided by them-indeed, running directly counter to their wishes and feelings; you will find the task of giving tone to public timent upon this subject, more difficult than

ou imagine. Why then make distinctions between Ohio and associates, (who like you self can see merit no where, except in the "sublime and during geties to depreciate the credit of the former, and usis" of General Armstrong) and the strength is to depreciate the creat of the former, and add to the distracts which is occasioned by the of your party is told. And yet you seem to wisely. The American people do not require back manage matters as if the state of Kentucky the dictum of a lean majority of a divided, With the exception of the federalists, we was already with you—you write for the leading the distracted caucus, to enable them to select a know very few in Kentucky, whose hostility to We had thought, that Mr Dallas's arrange.

ment relative to treasury notes, was not only intended to re-establish their credit, but to lessen or do away the evils arising from the want of an uniform currency, by making of treasury notes and the paper of such banks as the resident of the paper of such banks as the resident of the paper of such banks as the resident of the paper of such banks as the resident of the paper of such banks as the resident of the flee-distribution of the people, the palladium and are formulated to re-establish their credit, but to be before the community for selection, are not now labouring to impart their individual feel-want of an uniform currency, by making of the paper of such banks as the resident of the merits of the

sentiments of Kentucky, in regard to Mr Monroe?--In opposition to the wishes and opinions of your republican friends, you have taken this conspicuous ground of marked hostility to their favourite candidate for the Pre such banks as receive treasury notes, did the when you reflect that you are now perverting, treasury give it due credit? This, however, the hitherto useful columns of the Reporter, to sow divisions and dissentions, amongst that he wished to make the latter unp pular, we cans in Kentucky, will read with regret and know of no better course than the one which pity, the last number of this paper—nine-tenths he has taken, by which that object could be are in favour of Mr. Monroe as their President, and the result of the election will prove itnot a man of them but regrets to see their cause abandoned by the paper they have so long supported-not a man of them but pities intrigue is to be attributed to yourselves; but the weakness which can endeavour to excite a that you will have been led astray, bissed and division amongst those friends who have hitherto uniformly acted together.

BRUTUS. N. B. Gracchus says he is a soldier-but writes so aptly about intrigue, we suspect he has been engaged in more wars than one -However, having almost an inherent respect for those who have fought the battles of their country. Brutus will, at a more leisure moment, hold communion with his brother sol-

CONGRESSIONAL CAUCUS AND

THE NEXT PRESIDENT.

These are subjects which should now claim he serious consideration of every friend to Republican Government.

Some opinions relative to this caucus procedure, by the members of Congress, have been disseminated which require to be met in time, or difficulties may result dangerous to the librues of the people

In the great struggles be: ween the Federal and Republican parties of the union, it was discovered by both, that union of action was ne cessary to the success of either. To obtain and preserve this union of action, in the election of the President, it was certainly advise-able that measures should be adopted best calculated to effect the end, and least dangerand wishes of the people upon this subject me to take one jot or tittle from their claims Lexington Feb. 24.

these opinions as to the individual preferred ever arrived, when a candid expression of pub-by the people for the Presidential chair, was subject worthy consideration by those who were the immediate representatives of the people in the national assembly. That the nembers of the Republican or Federal party should have met together-mingled opinions -yielded local feelings and individual attach-ments, for the good of the whole-resolve to act in concert, and recommend their course of action to the members of their party, was not only justifiable, but it was their duty. It is a prerogative, which, as individuals, cannot be wrested from them; and properly appreciated, is harmless in its exercise, and beneficial in its consequences. The purity of the motives of those of the Republican party, who have hitherto sanctioned this procedure, cannot be

The individual who caused the most promi nent caucus of the party; the caucus which nominated and recommended the virtuous and integrity and eminent services which entitle able Mantson, was no other than the present him to the Presidency, you are told, he was chief magistrate of Virginia No state can Senator of the United States, has been once hoast a purer Republican. The nomination of Minister to France, and is now Secretary of Madison, met the approbation, and was supported by the will of the nation—and so long his merits have been neglected; and he deas these congressional conventions meet purely with the view to ascertain the will of their constituents, as to the individual preferred for the Presidency, and act in conformity to this will, so long the nation will approve and sanc-

ion their conventions

The Representatives in Congress, coming direct from the bosom of the people, are necessarily presumed to know their sentiments upon a subject so momentous, and the true object of their caucus should be a pure representation of the opinions and wishes of the people. In making the selection, a magnanimity is exnardians of our rights and interests :- Indi vidual attachments and partialities, local prejudices and feelings, should be sacrificed upon he altar of general good When, however, our representatives in Congress, shall loose ight of these high considerations-when they egin to assume to themselves the daring pre gative of dictating to the people, who shall he President or what is, (if possible) still worse, when our representatives shall hold their aucus of nomination, and act under the influ ence of individual aggrandizement—local jeal-ousies, and personal hostility—excited and fo-mented by a system of intrigue wholly unparlleled-when they shall arrogate the power f representing themselves, and not the people, and thus divide, distract, and enervate their wn party, (and such we are well assured is likely to be the character and conduct of the ideed, it becomes necessary for the reflecting part of the community, to speak and to act. ranquility of retirement, and anxious to avoid at all times a conflict with intrigue and cor-ruption; yet when the dearest interests of the eople are about thus to be trampled on with mpunity, he can remain silent no longer.

Gentlemen, representatives of the caucus, if caucus you should hold.) bear in mind the ies that bind you to the people-the obligaions springing from your high and delegated rusts Bear in mind that upon this important ecasion, although acting unofficially, you should represent the people and not yourselves. It is for their good, and the honor and integrity of your own party, you hold this caucus, consult the will of those you represent, (and who se suffrages, not yours, should make the President,) and you will be supported. Disand you will in yourselves turn be disregarded and abandoned by the people. What other fare can you anticipate? If the period has arrived when the Republicans of an American

We can assert, without the fear of contrafour fiths of the people of Kentucky are now decidedly in favor of Col MONBOE as our next President, and could a vote by the freemen of the country be had to-morrow, such would be

roe ! Such a majority as he might receive, and under the circumstances which it will be given, would perhaps do him more harm than good. that your nomination of Mr. CHAWFORD OF Mr. TOMPKINS will carry either of them to the Presidential chair ! A nomination, that should it be made at all, will have been produced by a systematic course of intrigue! Not that this influenced in your determinations by those who are corrupt-by those who, months ago, formed a systematic course of detroction and defamation ro defeat the election of Col. Mon-Should your contemplated caucus nomi nate either Mr Tompkins or Mr Crawford, a President, it will be a nomination for the caucus, not for the people. You will have represented yourselves, not the voice of the nation. Vain will be your struggle to obtain the supp ortof that people whose will you have violated—whose wishes you have disregarded. There is a majority of the Republican part throughout the union, decidedly for Col. Mon-roe as President, and should any other indiyidual be nominated by your cancus, this ma-jority (in Kentucky at least) are already ap-prised of the pitiful and low means by which it will have been effected. If you cannot, gentlemen, yield to the voice of the nation and strengthen the power of your own party, by giving your undivided support to the individ all whom they have selected for Presidentthen do not act at all. Concert, union, ener gy of action, and the integrity of your party, were the only inducements to a caucus. If you cannot contribute in the effectuation of these desirable objects, we admonish you not to divide, distract and disgrace us. this subject it is necessary to speak plainly and boldly. I would not wish to be understood calculated to effect the end, and least danger- as making any reflections upon either Mr. ous and difficult in the means The opinions Tompkins or Mr. Crawford. Far be it from

was the great desideratem. How to obtain to public patronage. A moment has, how-

Gov. Tompkins certainly stands high in Kentucky, and deservedly so for his services during the late war. Kentucky always will love warriors. And as evidence of their grat tude, the people would cheerfully make him Vice President But as President we do not believe he would obtain a single vote in Ken tucky, in opposition to Mr Monroe, even were it possible for him to obtain a majority of the contemplated caucus.

All who know Mr. Crawford, speak of him as a man of intelligence, integrity and high sense of honor, and so far as he has acted in the political world, he seems to have progressed in reputation. But, really, so little known is Mr Crawford in Kentucky, that it is not unusual to hear it asked "from what state does he come!" And when you ask for the distinguished displays of talents, thelong-tried serves, and has received in Kentucky increase confidence in his political integrity, in not suffering himself to be used as a pander to the ambitious and designing-an instrument by which the Republican party was to be enter oled and pulsied.

I have digressed farther than was intended in the present number. Having, however, touched incidentally the merits of those most likely to become candidates for the Presi dency, and the state of public opinion in Kentucky, justice requires some additional matter of fact, calculated to support the positions already advanced

The Legislature of Kentucky have recently adjourned, after a session of upwards of ten-weeks, and the writer of this article is well known to its members, and can assert, that so far as their opinions were ascertained, fourfifths of that body were decidedly in favor of Col Monroe.

It is also a fact, well ascertained, when Congress convened, a most decided majority of the Republicans were almost in favor of his

I have been well assured, the Republicans of from New York, were also unaninous in his favor, yet, strange to tell, we understand New York and Georgia are now trying to compro-

Give us the President, says New York, and ou shall have the Vice-President. Time was taken to consult and advise, as the manner is at Washington; and from our latest information, Georgia was in labor with the answer.

It is a fact, susceptible of proof, that durng the fall and winter, several presses were established, although avowedly for other objects, yet with the secret and sole view of

writing down Col Monroe. In the scale with these gentry, will unfor-fortunately be found, some few would-be great men, who wish to patronize and make a President exclusively for their own use. And such are the intrigues carried on at Washington, at this moment, that it is doubtful whether the republicans can be called a party !-- None knows to-day what will be the result of to-morrow!!! What a spectacle gentlemen for the world? what a feast for your Federal friends! Even at this distance they begin to chuckle at your strifes and hope to profit by vour imbecile dissentions.

It is to be regretted that there is to be found regard this will, and in the gratification of in Kentucky, some few honest Republicans, your individual feelings, ahandon our cause to the troubled sea of division and contention, their exertions to divide, if they cannot continue the public sentiment against Col. Mon roe. They are indeed, few in number, and confined principally to the town of Lexington I do not impugn their motives Indeed their Congress cannot ascertain to whom those they zeal for a fallen friend is perhaps to be ad represent, look as their next President—then mired. They were devoted to Gen. Asmit is time to have no more caucuses. If you straome their talents had been enlisted in his cannot agree amongst yourselves, as to the entiments and wishes of the people, then leave it to the people themselves—unbiassed and uninfluenced by the low intrigues which now infest you—they will act virtuously and was deemed cheaper to go through than turn wishly. The American people do not sequine look.

If the merits of those who shall Mr. Monroe, does not grow out of attachment Palladium, devoted to a purpose calculated only to produce amongst their friends an uni diction, by any candid, intelligent man, that happy division and contest, fruitless in its efforts and painful in its consequences. The public sentiment is too deeply rooted in favor of Col. Monroe, to be shaken by blasts of this kind. Thrown into the scale with the intrigues at Washington, it may agitate the Do you expect, gentlemen, that a caucus of wave created by themselves, but can do no division and dissention, such as you are about more. The helmsman who has fought in one to hold, will strengthen the claims, or give war, and stood firm and erect through the con-additional lustre to the merits of Col. Mon vulsive shocks of another--who has proudly waved a flag of state, and ably vindicated our rights in almost every part of the old worldand who has finally steered our vessel into an Can you, gentlemen, on the other hand, expect honourable and safe haven, will not now be a that your nomination of Mr. Chawronn or Mr. bandoned by Kentucky Firm in her adherance to those who were firm in their assertion and support of our rights and our honor, she will shew to the world that she will maintain the principles for which they fought and bled.

This is a subject of much interest, and on which much more can be said than the writer of this article has leisure or ability to say-Rarely has his pen obtruded itself upon the public. The matters of fact here stated, were

DIED - On the 19th instant, near this tow Mrs. MARGARET TROTTER, consort of Colonel James Trorren of this county. In all the re-lations of life, the conduct of Mrs. Trotter was amiable and exemplary: her social qualities had attached to her a numerous list of acquaintances and friends, by whom she was espected and beloved; whilst her domestic irtues, had endeared her to all her relations, who will ever cherish her memory and feel the loss which they have sustained by her death.

I WISH TO PURCHASE A FEW LIKELY

Young Men, Boys and Girls. Apply to Asa Farrow or to David Megowan.

JOHN FOSTER.

John Bickley,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Attends the Circuit Courts of Payette, Jessamine & Scott. His place of residence, Lexington—his office, next door to Dr. W. Washeld's shop. 9

Notice

AT a general meeting of the Shareholders of the Lexington Juvenile Library, the proposition of the Directors of the Lexington Library, for uniting the two, was unanimously agreed to, and the Directors empowered to make a rangements for that purose: Therefore, the Directors request that the

booss they have out, immediately.
By order of the Directors,
S. ROBERTS, Librarian.

25th February, 1816.

George Shannon.

ATTORNEY AT LAW. KEEPS his office on Poplar Row, in the same ouse occupied by the Lexington Branch Bank. 9-ti February 25, 1816.

E. S Allen, (Cabinet Maker) CARRIES on the above business on Upper-treet, a few doors above Dr. Ridgeley's, Lexington,

Kentucky, where every attention will be paid to those who may please to favour him with their patronage. The public may rest assured of having their work made in a manner not inferior to any in the Western country—All kinds of Cabinet work shall be neatly executed and in a workman-like manner. He respectfully solicits the public patronage.

February 25, 1815.

I. W. Anderson's

Scheme for the Distribution of Property will immence drawing on Saturday, the 5th-of March next, without fail.

February 26.

REMOVAL.

HAY AND WHITMARSH. Have removed from the corner of Main & Mill streets, to the house formerly occupied as the Branch Bank, where they have an elegant assort-Braich Dank, where they have an elegant assortment of the following goods:—Gentlemen's best Boots, Shoes and Pumps—Men's and Boys' coarse Shoes—Ladies', Misses' and Children's Kid, Morroco and Leather Slippers, which will be sold on reasonable terms, wholesale or retail.

Measures taken for shoes, which will be strictly February 26

Taken up by William Lindsay, one Bay Horse, six years old next spring, 13 1-2 hands high, no brands perceivable, appraised to 13 dollars—also one Bay Mare, six years last spring, has a scar over the right eye, 13 1-2 hands high, no brands perceivable, appraised to \$13, by David Logan, Esq.

JAMES VANCE LEONARD CHEANY

TAKEN UP by Benjamin Utterback, in Wood-TAKEN UP by Benjamin Utterback, in Woodford county, living on the waters of Greer's Creek, shout 2 miles of Sublett's Ferry, one Gray Mare, 14 1-2 hands high, 7 years old, branded I C on the near shoulder and off buttock—appraised to 40 dollars, before me, this 25th day of November, 1815.

9-3p

H WATKINS, J. P.

REALAMERICAN

IMPROVEMENTS.

Tat improved Chimney and Fire-place; by Mr. John C Brush, of Washington City, D C. is complete to give an agreeable fire side. Your old fire places and chimneys which afnict the family with smoke, may be effectually prrected a new ones are constructed with sucorrected; new ones are constructed with superior advantages, the rooms ventilated with pure air, warm or cold, at pleasure, with out opening doors or windows; likewise a great saving of fuel. Gentlemen wishing the improvement, may receive the necessary information. tion by applying to the undersigned (at Mr. Weisiger's Inn) who is duly authorized to introduce and convey the right to others to construct them, which will be done on very liberal terms

The Domestic Roving and Spinning Machine.

This Machine is completely adapted to the se of the farmer and mechanic, to sid the household manufactory; with one of twelve spindles, one woman may perform the labor of six or eight on the common wheel. This country possessing the advantage of the raw materials at hand, the household manufactory may be carried on in peace or war, with as much benefit as any other mechanical, or agricultural business The undersigned has received an assignment of the full and exclusive right from the patentee, to make use, and vend to others the right of the said machine within the several states and terri-tories of the United States, south and west of the Delaware river; the territorial right of any part which may be unsold, will be con-veyed on very liberal terms to any gentlemen who may be disposed to benefit thamselves and their fellow citizens, by aiding the introduction of so valuable a labor saving machine -Mr. Thomas V. Loofbourrow, of Frankfort, Kentucky, will furnish mackines complete to order, for patterns to make from in other counties, &c. A machine may be seen and the terms learnt, by applying to the undersigned at Mr. Weisiger's Inn, or to Mr. Loofbourrow, at the Steam Mill.

STEPHEN ANDRES, Assignee. Frankfort, Feb 6, 1816.

Kentucky Legislature,

JANUART 31, 1814. The joint committee appointed to examine Mr. Stephen Andres' Spinning Machine, in conformity to his memorial, proceeded to examine the same, and find it constructed for spinning wool and cotton, and more simplified than any machine heretofore offered for public due to the community and the cause of the party to which he professes to belong. He pledges himself for their truth, and will at all times vindicate his assertions. Our representatives in congress, if they are our represent-The crude, desultory observations of the writer, may be set down for just what they are worth. Their value consists in being the sen.

The crude, desultory observations of the dies, and may be worked as a Billy by a common spinner with the aid of a boy or girl from eight to ten years old, and as a denny without minures; the machine contains twelve spinany aid whatever. It po sesses such advanta-ges for saving labor and expediting the manuacture of domestic g ods, that your committhe good citizens of this commonwealth.

CERTIFICATE

This may certify, that I have had in operation for two seasons past, at my place in Bourbon county, Kentucky, one of the domesthe Roving and Spinning Machines, introduced into Kentucky by Stephen Andres. On a maschine of 12 spindles, well made and attended, one woman with the aid of a small person may perform the labor of five or six on the common heel. I am fully satisfied of its utility, and that it possesses superior advantages for aid-ing the household manufactory to any machine now in use, that I have no hesitation in recommending the same to my fellow citizens.

JAMES GARRAND, Js.

Frankfort, Feb. 6, 1816.

Commission Business, IN LEXINGTON, KEN.

Cornelius Coyle & Wm. Robinson, BAVING BOYABLISHED A COMMISSION HOUSE

IN THIS TOWN,

Respectfully solicit the patronage of such com-mercial gentlemen and others, whose business may require agency in this section of the country. They require agency in this section of the country. They are determined not to connect any business of their own with the establishment. It will be a commission house exclusively, and being such, there cannot be at any time collisions between their own concerns and those of others. They will purchase cargoes for exportation, of the production of this country, viz. Tobacco, Flour, Whisky, Ginseng, White, and Red Lead, Salt-Petre, Gun-Powder, Hemp, Cordage, Yarns, Cotton Bagging, &c.—and every attention paid to consignments and to the collection of debts. The business to be conducted under the firm of

Wm. ROBINSON & Co. Next door to John D. Clifford's Store. REFERENCES.

William Leavy, George Trotter, Alexander Parker, W. Essex & Son, Tandy & Allen, E. Finley & Son, Noah Ridgely, Thomas Scott, Robert Miller, Bastburn, Kirk, & Co. lasac Ritey, George Poyzer, December 15th, 1815.

Merchants, Lex.

Merchants, Balti-Merchants, Philadelphia. Booksellers, New-York. Com. Mer. Nashville

Just Received AND READY TO BE DISPOSED OF BY Wholesale,

By the subscribers, at their Store Room in Lexington, opposite Mr. John Postlethwait's Tivern,
AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

Elegant Fancy Goods,
Selected from the latest importations in Philadelphia, and which they will self upon very favourable berns for Cash, or approved endorsed Notes.

LANE & TAYLOR.

LANE & TAYLOR.

Lexington, 9th January, 1816. 3-tf
N. B. Wm. N. Lane presents his thanks to his
former friends and customers, and hopes they will
give him a call.

Nails and Brads.

The subscribers inform the public they have just received a fresh supply of Cut and Wrought Nails and Brads, of all sizes, which may be had by the cask at their store, or by retail of Messrs. k armer Dewees & Co. who will hereafter be constantly supplied with a general assortment for retailing, at their usual prices—where also may be had w arranted Axes, of a superior quality.

The subscribers will also receive orders for any land of nails, which they will import and sell at the Factory prices, at Pittsburgh, with addition of a commission of 21-2 per cent. on 3 months credit—and without any commission, when money is paid on delivery of the halls here.

J. & T. G. PRENTISS.

Lexington, Dec. 29.

Lexington, Dec. 29.

FOR SALE, THE PLANTATION Whereon the subscriber now resides, CONTAINING

Two hundred & twenty Acres,
SITUATE on the Henry's Mill road, six miles and a half from Lexington, a part of Maj. Meredith's military survey. The land is not to be equalled in Fayette in point of soil, situation, water and timber. There is a superb young orchard of 200 hearing apple trees, of various kind of fruit, calculated for keeping and making Cider. About eighty acres of land for cultivation, ten acres of meadow, and fifty acres of sod for pastures, with the prime timber standing. The water is conveniently situated in the lots, and is equal in quantity to any in Kentucky—the fencing is a great part set on locust logs and well laid off. The Henry's Mill road runs mearly through the centre of the tract, which divides timber, water, &c. There is also a well planed Distillery on the tract, with sufficient water to work until July; also a Blacksmith's shop on the road. The buildings are only tolerable, though a handsome situation is prepared for building. For terms apply to Daniel Bradford, Lexington, or to the subscriber, Two hundred & twenty Acres, THOMAS PEEBLES.

To the Public.

MY Shop is next door to the Kentucky Gazette DURABLE INK, printing office, where I carry on my business in its several branches of SADDLING & MILITARY ACCOUTREMENT MAKING.—I tender my Accoutrement of Quarter of the country of the c grateful acknowledgments to my customers for the distinguished patronage I have received from them. My friends and the public are assured of prompt accommodations.—I feel confident that with the sid of some of the best workmen and a constant supply of the most choice materials, I shall be able to render ample satisfaction to those who may please to favour ample satisfaction to those the with their applications by order or otherwise.

JOHN BRYAN.

Patent Elastic Saddles.

A word to those who are fond of easy riding. A word to those who are fend of easy riding. The complaint against hard and uneasy saddles, which is for the most part a just and general one, and is really a great grievance to those who have much riding to do, has eaused me to turn my mind particularly to that subject, with a view if possible to remedy the evil—I can with confidence assure the public that I have accomplished it—I have projected a plan which is by means of strong and well tempered steel springs, so constructed as to support the saddle seat & give much greater ease to both rider & horse, than saddles made in the common way or any other that I have ever seen, can possibly do. The other that I have ever seen, can possibly do. The plan is entirely different from the English clastic plan is entirely different from the English elastic saddles with spring bars of steel, whalebone, &c. and also from those with wire springs, and I conceive much superior to either, as the elasticity is greater, and the tree not being put out of its original form, will not be subject to hurting horses on journeys, which is complained of in the the saddles with spring bars. A number of gentlemen in this town and its vicinity, have those saddles nowsin use, and but one tentionent I believe exists among them in favour o, their seperiority—The invention is equally as applicable to ladies saddles as to gentlemens? Any person desirous of purchaling those easy saddles, is at liberty first to make trial of one and judge of their ease for themselves. In point of durability I will warrant them equal to any other saddles, and superior to most.

T I have obtained a Patent from the United States for this invention, and am ready to dispose of patent rights to Saddlers, for other counties or states—If required, I will furnish a tree *ith springs ready fixed and strained, which may serve as a model to work by, and will give the necessary instructions.

J. BRYAN

STOP THE RUNAWAY!

RANAWAY from the subscriber, living on Cane
Run, 5 miles from Lexington, on Monday evening
last, a Negro Man named YORK. He is about 5
feet 8 inches high, of yellow complexion, one tooth
out before; he is about 22 years of age, and has a
great disposition to be a waiter. I will give Ten
Bollars to any person taking him out of the state, and
Dollars to any person taking him out of the state, and
Living him in any jail where I can get him again,
the state of the subscriber, living on Cane
Georgetown, a Sorrel Mare, about 14 hands
high, 4 years old, has a star on her forehead,
no brands discoverable; appraised to § 15.—
Also a Serrel Horse, about 141-2 hands high,
7 years old, has a blaze down his face, the near
hind and fore feet white, branded R. S. on the RANAWAY from the subscriber, living on Cane lodging him in any jail where I can get him again, or Five Dollars if taken in the state.

JAMES DEVERS.

October 10, 1815.

Iron Foundry.

The subscriber having commenced an Iron Foundry in the town of Lexington, opposite Lewis Sanders, Main street, wishes to inform his friends and the people of Kentucky in general, that he now carries it on in all its branches—that all kinds of machinery will be cast on the shortest notice, and in the best manner—He will also keep on hand an assortment of Flat Irons, Hatter's Irons, Tailors' Irons, Waful Irons, Griddles, Dog Irons, Irons for Wheat Fans, weights, &c. All orders will be thankfully received, and puncturlly attended to, by the subscriber. the subscriber.

JOSEPH BRUIN. January 26-4tf

WHEAT.

60,000 bushels of Wheat WANTED AT THE

ALLUVION MILLS.

THESE mills are situated in the centre of the wn of Lexington, on Water-street, immediately low Cross-street, and are now in complete order

FRESH FLOUR OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY, SHIP-STUFF & BRAN,

nay be had; and where the highest prices in Cast ir Merchandize, will be constantly given for good lean, merchantable Wheat. BRADFORD & BOWLES.

ENGRAVING.

Copper Plates, Seals, Brands, Steel Dies, &c will be neatly executed by the subscriber on application at James Garrison's Druggist Store, next door to James Weir's, Main street, Lex-

JOHN C. NUTTMAN. December 4.

HENRY I. I. ROBERT, Continues to carry on the

Confectionary Business, In Main-street, in the house next below Mr. Benj. Stout's, and nearly opposite the office of the Kentucky Insurance Company, where he will keep a CONSTANT SUPPLY OF

Cakes, Candies, Sugar Toys, Confits, Syrups, Cordials,

and generally all the articles in his line. The best assurance he can give his customers of his wishes to please them is, that impressed with the idea that his livelihood and welfare depends entirely on their pae tronage, his interest as well as inclination will make him exert all in his power to deserve a continuant of it. Oct. 7, 1815. 41-

Wanted Immediately, TWO or three Apprentices to the TAYLOR-ING BUSINESS. B. KARRICK.

Lexington, Oct. 20. Hatters look at this!

The subscriber offers for sale a new invented pa-The subscriber offers for safe a new invented patent machine for cutting fur, which may be seen for a few days at Mr. Clark's tavern, adjoining the gaol. I shall not attempt to describe the merits of this machine, for it will shew for itself. It is said by competent judges that it will do the work of six men. Come and see, and judge for yourselves.

J. LAMSON.

May 13

> Just Imported, AND FOR SALE, AT W. MENTELLE'S

COMMISSION STORE, Main Street, next door to Mr. Wm. Leav. FRESH GARDEN SEEDS

OF ALL KINDS-AMONG WHICH ARE, English Walnuts, Spanish Filberts and Ground Nuts-Also,

A variety of Choice TOYS, FOR THE APPROACHING CHRISTMAS, & NEW-YEAR'S GIFTS,

SUCH AS
DOLLS, Wholesale and Retail,
BOXES, Glass and Painted,
Elegant Painted & Queen'sware SNUFF BOXES,
MILLS, CUP & BALL, TETOTUMS, and oth-REFINED LIQUORICE, in boxes, for colds, and

coughs, in sticks, Ditto RAISINS, by the box, or by the pound, An elegant and cheap set of CHINA, An assortment of QUEENS' WARE. FIDDLES, and FIDDLE STRINGS, superior

quality,
quality,
BOSS COTTON,
Ditto SPUN, of all sizes,
BOMBAZETTS, and other Dry Goods,
COMMON WARE, by Wholesale and Retail,
DAPPEE SNUFF.

Orders from the country, attended to, punctually DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

Hay & Bordman HAVE this day dissolved partnership, by mutual consent. Those indebted to the firm are desired to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them to George Hay for settlement, who alone is authorised to settle the business of the con-

GEORGE HAY NATHAN I. BORDMAN.

Lexington, Dec. 19, 1815.

GEORGE HAY will continue the SHOE BUSINESS. Every attention will be paid to those who
favor him with their patronage Measures taken
for all kinds of Shoes, which will be attended to with

WANTED TO HIRE, A Female Servant,

WHO is well acquainted with washing and ironng and milking. For such a one a liberal price will
be given. Enquire of THE PRINTER.
January 1, 1846. 1-tf

WAGONS.

A few WAGONS wanted immediately to go to the South, apply to
J. P. SCHATZELL, & Co.
Sept. 9th, 1815.—37-tf

Notice to Farmers.

The subscriber is making contracts for Barley, to the subscriner is making contracts tor Barley, to be delivered at his Brewery, the ensuing fall. Those intending to sow that grain, and who are desirous to engage their crops, will please to call at the Brewery.

JOHN COLEMAN.
Lexington, 29th January, 1816.

4-6

Taken up by Presley Peak, living in Scott County on Graig's road, about 3 miles from Georgetown, a Sorrel Mare, about 14 hands high, 4 years old, has a star on her forehead, near shoulder and buttock; appraised to \$ 30

JAMES PATTERSON.

December 16th, 1815.

Bartlett & Cox,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, THANKFUL for past favours, beg leave to in-orm their Western friends, that they still continue transact business on commission as formerly. 48-New-Orleans, 8th Nov. 1815.

WHEAT.

THE subscribers will purchase WHER highest market price—Application to be made at the store of Lewis Sanders, and at their new Steam Mill on the lower end of Water Street.

JOHN SCOTT, JR. & CO.

45-tf

To Rent,

The Upper Story and Kitchen of a House near the Public Square—Inquire of THE PRINTER. January 22:

For Sale,

Any Quantity of SALT Of a superior quality, at our Lick, three and a half miles south east of Mounsterling.

WM. ELLIS & BROTHERS. Spencer Lick, December 14, 1815.

WHEAT.

The subscribers are now giving Three shil-lings and nine pence for wheat and expect to continue to give that sum for few weeks only. JOHN H. MORTON, & Co. Steam Mill Lexington

September 1, 1815.

Allen & Grant,

Commission Merchants, Pittsburgh Inform their friends in the Western Country, that they have removed to the Ware-house lately occu-pied by G. & C. Anshutz From the superior con-veniencies of their Ware-house, and its proximity to the river, the Merchants of Kentucky will find it to their advantage to consider these the river, the Mercanaus of them.

Pittsburgh, May 6.

CASH WILL BE GIVEN FOR 150 Hh'ds of Tobacco, To be delivered early in the season

LEWIS SANDERS. October 9, 1815.

For Sale, 2000 gallons prime old WHISKEY—Inquire of DOWNING & GRANT.

For Sale, EIGHT BARRELS GENUINE Flax Seed Oil,

Doctor Joseph Boswell HAS removed to the large Brick House re-

cently occupied by Mr. James Prentiss, near he factory of Morrison, Boswells and Sutton. He will continue to practice Medicine & Surgery in Lexington and its vicinity.

39tf September 23d, 1815.

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED. The Copartnership of HERAN & MAX-WELL is this day dissolved by mutral consent; all persons having claims against the late firm are requested to present them on or before the 10th o. September next; and all those indebted are requested to call and settle their accounts immediately.

JAMES MAXWELL,

JAMES HERAN.

JAMES HERAN. The business will still be carried on at the old 5.4 and 6.4 Levantine Silk Shawle tand by the subscriber, who solicits the patronage

of his former customers.

JAMES MAXWELL
Lexington, 30th August, 1815.

36

WANTED A NEGRO WOMAN,

A NEGRO WOMAN,

ACCUSTOMED to nursing—for whom high wages will be given, payable monthly or yearly.—

None but such as arc well recommended will be taken—Inquire at the office of the Kentucky Gazett.

Oct. 7, 1815.

The Partnership of I. &E. Woodruff is this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons having unsettled accounts with the late firm requested to call and settle them without delay, as the Subscribers are anxious to have their accounts all settled up to this date.

J. &. E. WOODRUFF.
Lexington, July 9.

28—tf

Brass Foundery.

The subscriber informs his friends and the Public in general that he continues to carry on the Brass Founding business in all its various Branches, at the old stand formerly occupied by I. & E. Woodruff, on Main Street and will always keep on hand an assortment of And Irons, Shovel and Tongs, Door Knockers, Candlest cks, &c. finished in the neatest man-ner; he will likewise cast Bells, and work for Machinery on the shortest notice; he has also a Cupelo for casting Iron, all orders in that line will be punctually attended to. Grateful for past favors he hopes to merit a continance of the sam

Lexington, July 9th, 1815. 28-

Removal.

I have removed from Water street to Limestone street, nearly opposite the jail, and continue to pay attention to the scouring and dying f men's cloths, ladies silk dresses, of any colour will also be paid attention to, and be made to look new. Gold and silver lace cleared, and the blue dying carried on as usual. I wish to sell a Horse, Chair and Harness—the Horse is remarkably gentle and true.

HUGH CRAWFORD.

Wool Carding.

THOMAS ROYLE & SONS wish to inform THOMAS ROYLE & SONS wish to inform their friends and the public in general, that their machines are in complete operation at their factory, on the Frankfort road, one mile from Lexington, at six pence per pound for common wool—and having the advantage of both water and horses, will enable them to accommodate their friends on the short matter and in the heat manner. For sale at their est notice and in the best manner. For sale at their factory, a quantity of Woollen Cloths, Linseys and Wool Rolls. Lexington, June 12th, 1815.—24th

Wool Carding.

Wool Carding.

Merino and Common Wool Carding in a Superier Style and on the usual terms at San mainder in three equal annual instalments, as ders, 2 1-2 Miles from Lexington, by LEWIS SANDERS. Lexington, May 28, 1815.

Doctor Briggs,

TOBACCO.

The Subscribers will pay Cash for Tobacco. Persons desirous of contracting for their crops not yet ready for delivery, will find it advantageous to call on the subscribers, before they dispose of the same.

J. & T. G. PRENTISS.

Lexington, Nov. 22, 1815.

Hogs Bristles. GASH will be given for clean, comb'd HOG BRISTLES, at the Lexington Brush Manufactory, two doors below the Post-Office.

JOHN LOCKWOOD. Lexington, Dec. 9, 1815. 50-tf

Wanted to Rent, A SMALL FARM within a few miles of Lexington, with a house sufficient for a small family—possession would be required about Christmas. Ap-JOSEPH TOWLER

Lexington, December 1. Dissolution of Partnership.

CORNELIUS & JOHN COYLE,
Have this day dissolved partnership by mutual consent. The business of the late concern will be conducted in future by Cornelius Coyle, who is alone authorised to receive and pay all debts due to and from the said firm. C. COYLE

January 17, 1816.

Cornelius Coyle Will still continue to keep at his store at the corner of Main and Upper Street, a choice

J, COYLE.

and superior assortment of FRESH GOODS,

very recently imported, and in point of qua-

the following articles—

CONSISTING OF

Superfine and second Cloth do do Cassimeres Kersey, Moleskin, and plain Coatings Plains and Bockings
Rose, Point and Duffil Blankets
Assorted Flannels Stockinets and Bedford Cords Cords and Velveteens Black and coloured Bumbazets SUPERIOR to any in the state, at One Dollar Twelve & a-half Cents per Gallon, at my Oil-Mill opposite the Seminary Lot.

W. H. TEGARDEN.

39
Cotton and worsted mostly to do do Colour'd and white Marseilles 6-4, 4-4 and 9-8 light and dark Ginghams Colour'd Cambricks

4 and 4 4 Jaconet and Dimity Cambricki

Colour'd Cambricks
6-4 and 4-4 Jaconet and Dimity Cambricks
6-4 and 4-4 Leno and British Book Muslin
6-4 and 4-4 super Book Muslin
4-4 Mull do do
6-4 and 4-4 super figur'd and Japan do
4-4 and 7-8 Shirting Cambricks
Irish Linen and Table Diaper
Coasse and super Calines

Coarse and super Calicos Furniture Canton Crapes

Levantines, Florences and Florentine Satins and Virginias Long and short Kid Gloves Beaver do
Silk Shawls and Bandanoe Handkerchiefs
Cotton do and Madras do

Madeira Wine Cogniac Brandy

1st quality, Holland Gin Jamaica Spirita A general assortment of Groceries China and Queens' Ware Ironmongery, &c. &c. January 27, 1816.

Wm. Robinson & Co. Have just received a small Consignment from ders, which will be promptly attended to, and faithfully executed.

Siekles, Wheel-Irons, Augers, and Brads by the 1000, Which they offer for sale at reduced prices. January 29, 1816

ALEXANDER PARKER & SON, Have just received at their stand on Main Street, opposite the Court House in Lexington, a very GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Dry Goods,

Hardware, and Queensware, which they will sell on the most moderate terms for Cash. Lexington, Nov. 9, 1815.

Last Notice.

Groceries,

THOSE persons that are indebted to the subscri bers by note or account, are requested to discharge the same on or before the 15th November. All the same on or before the 15th November. All notes or accounts remaining unpaid after that date, will be immediately put into the hands of officers for collection, without any discrimination of persons.

TILFORD, SCOTT & TROTTER.

David Todd

HAS recommenced the practice of Law, and will attend punctually to business, in the Circuit and County Courts of Fayette. His office is next door to C. Wilkins's office, on Short street.

34

August 17

For Sale or to Rent, THAT well improved LOT on Curd's Road, within the town bounds, together with all the apparatus necessary for making brick, formerly the property of Thomas Lemon, dec.—It is needless to mention the advantages arising from this Lot as a Brick Yard, as any person

wishing to purchase will call and view the

ALSO FOR SALE, THAT Elegant Building Lot, Adjoining the present residence of Mr. Joseph Barbee, on High-street.—A good bargain may

to suit the purchaser.

JAMES LEMON, Sen.
Lexington, Jan. 29, 1816.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

[From the City of Williamsburg, Virginia,]
HAVING removed to Kentucky, and fixed his residence in the town of Lexington, Main-street, in the house lately in the occupancy of J. Wamack, (opposite Captain Fowler's) offers his services in the practice of Physic, Surgery and Midwifery, to the inhabitants of the town and its vicinity.

49-46

December 2, 1815.

J. P. SCHATZELL, has associated himself with Mr. ALEXANDER CRANSTON of the City of New-York, Mr. ANDREW ALEXANDER Of Belfast (Ircland) and Mr. JOHN WOODWARD, now of this place for the purpose of transacting business in the Mercantile & Commission line in this State, which from the first of this present Mumh will be Conducted under the firm of J. P. Schatzell & Company. Schatzell & Company. Lexington Sept. 9th 1815,—37-tf

Hatters, Look Here

The subscribers have a quantity of Beaver Rac-con & Muskrat Skins, for sale.

26
P. & W. BAIN.

DANCING SCHOOL. JOHN DARRAC

WITH feelings of gratitude for the liberal encouseragement-received from the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lexington, respectfully informs them that his Dancing School will be opened this season at Mr. Coyle's house, corner of Jordan's Row and Main Street, on Friday morning, the 6th of October next, when he proposes to teach the following dances to those persons who will honor him with their patronage:—a variety of new and fashionable Cotiflians, German and Russian Waltzes, Hornpipes, Allemandes, the Gavote of Veatris, and the much admired Shawl Dance—Sett Dances and Reels will also be danced in his; chool. Persons desirous of being instructed, are requested to apply at Mr. Giron's Confectionery Store, Mill street.

An evening school will be opened for a limited number of gentlemen, if application immediately be made. For particulars apply to John Darrae. 38

Nails, Brads & Iron Wares. THE subscribers have undertaken the agency of the Pittsburgh from & Nail Pactory, in this place, and in a short time will have an ex-Wrought Nails and Brads, of a quality very su-perior to any heretofore used in this state— which will be sold by wholesale or retail, on liberal terms. Liberal credits and discounts will be given to country merchants and discounts will be given to country merchants and others,

who purchase to sell again.

Persons desirous of importing any articles manufactured by said company, may have their orders regularly executed, if handed to the subscribers, who are fully authorised to receive orders and transact business generally for said ity surpassed by none in the state, which will be sold by wholesale or retail, at the most reduced prices.—He has on hand, together with others too tedious to mention, the following articles—

CONSISTING OF

Superfine and second Cloth

Continued to the subscribers—who solicit persons, whether desirous of obtaining supplies or not, to examine the same and judge of their quality.

JAMES PRENTISS,

THOS. G. PRENTISS. August 14.

> For Sale A TRACT OF LAND,

CONTAINING EIGHTY-SIX & A HALF ACRES,
Half a mile from Cynthiana, lying on the river, with
a small improvement—about one half bottom, the
balance well timbered—for particulars inquire of JOHN EADS.

Lexington, May 1 .- 18

Wanted,

An elderly WOMAN of good character, and no is capable of taking on herself the management of a house at a manufactory in the Country, will hear of a good situation by application to the Printer. Lexington, July 10 1815.

Notice.

ALL THOSE INDEBTED TO THE BIRM OF Williamson & M'Kinney, ARE requested to come forward and settle their counts, at they have disposed of their Goods, and wish to close their accounts.

Jan. 7. 2-tt

SOAP & CANDLE FACTORY.

I HE Subscriber has lately enlarged his establishment by additional buildings, and will now be enabled to supply the public by wholesale and retail, with prime SOAP of every kind, equal in quality to any manufactured in the United States—and with the best

DIPPED & MOULD CANDLES. Commissaries, Contractors, and Merchants who may purchase those articles either for the foreign or home markets, or those who want them for domestic use, will find it to them n-terest to call on him, or to give him their or-

JOHN BRIDGES,
Corner of Water and Main Cross Streets, next
door to Mr. Bradford's Steam Mili and Cotton Factory, Lexington.

The highest cash prices given for TALLOW, HOGS LARD, KITCHEN GREASE, Ashes G Pos Ashes, at the above factory.
41 October 10, 1814.

The Co-partnership

Of Lowry & Shaw having been recently dis-solved, the subscriber, one of that firm, takes the liberty of informing his friends that he has commenced a separate establishment next door to the old stand, on Main Cross street, Lexington, Ky. Every exertion as heretofore, will be used to accommodate those who may favor him with their orders—and the usual attention to customers. Hats of the first quality only, always on hand, for those who may please to call.

41 Hiram Shaw.

Bank Notes,

Of all descriptions, (not counterfeit) will be taken M'CALLA, GAINES & Co. for all debts due them. They earnestly request all those who are in arrear-ages, to avail themselves of this offer before the first day of April next, or they will be compelled to adopt other measures, which are peculiarly disagreeable both to debtor and creditor.

Lexington, Jan. 16th, 1815.

25—1f.

> BOOTS & SHOES. L. & G. YOUNG

RETURN their sincere thanks to their friends and the public in general for the liberal support received since they commenced at their established stand, on Main street, Lexington-where they continue to manufac ture, and have now on hand

A large and elegant assortment of gentlemen's BOOTS & SHOES, made of the best Philadelphia leather in the newest-fashion-ALSO,

LADIES SHOES, of the neatest and latest fashion. All of which they offer at wholesale or retail.

Lexington, K. Nov. 8, 1813-45-tf

For Rent.

That commodious and pleasantly situated house on Poplar Row, at present in the occu-pation of John M'Kinley, Esq For terms ap-ply to C. BRADFORD. Jan. 29, 1816